

higher potential

Russell

"C. Hydrogen (H) and fluorine (F) being almost mates and in nearly same pressure zone, same plane and same orbit, will unite part for part.

D. Oxygen (O) or beryllium (Be) being one pressure zone removed and consequently of double potential, will require two parts of hydrogen to their one, and then only unite under pressure of higher temperature. Hydrogen and oxygen, thus united, become the very stable compound known as water and remain united because they are opposed in sex, while beryllium and hydrogen, being both male, will break away unless bound by oxygen, sulphur or some other female stabilizer.

E. Nitrogen or boron are two pressure zones removed and require three parts of hydrogen and higher pressure for union. Same rule of sex applies.

F. Carbon, three pressure zones removed and four times **higher potential**, demands four parts of hydrogen to remain in union with its one; also the high temperature pressure of the electric arc is needed to induce union.

ELEMENTS OF INSTABILITY IN UNION INCREASE IN THEIR INSTABILITY AS THEY INCREASE THEIR VARIABILITY IN DIMENSION. ESPECIALLY IN PRESSURE, ORBIT, ECLIPTIC, CRYSTALLIZATION, PLANE AND SEX." [Indicating Tonal Mismatching in Variable Instability - page 111]

"All effects of motion are repeative. Repeative means reproductive. Energy reproduces itself in repeative units. The entire universe is but a repetition of these spiral wave units in varying dimensions. Energy does not travel. It reproduces. This is a universe of reproduction.

Energy is constant. It has no variation. All of the energy of the universe is back of all of the motion of the universe. The apparent variability of energy is due solely to variability of dimension. Time dimension decreases its speed in favor of power dimension of **higher potential**." [Chart One Wave of Any Substance]

THE SEVEN TONES OF THE UNIVERSAL CONSTANT ARE EACH REMOVED, ONE FROM THE OTHER, THE SQUARE OF THE DISTANCE TO THE NEXT **HIGHEST POTENTIAL**. THE ENERGY OF EACH OF THE FOUR UNITS IS EXACTLY EQUAL. [Dimension Chart 5]