

Law of Chemical Dissociation

Law of Chemical Dissociation

"If the *pitch* of either *atom*, in a *molecule*, be raised or lowered; or, if they both be unequally raised or lowered in *pitch* until the mutual *ratio* be that of a *discord*; or, if the *oscillation amplitude* be augmented by *heat* until the atoms are with the *concentric waves of attraction*, - the atoms will separate." [Keely, 1893]

28. Law of Chemical Dissociation

- **Description:** Raising or lowering atomic pitches into discord causes separation of atoms.
- **Formula:**

$$D_c = f(P_1, P_2, \Delta A)$$

where:

- D_c = dissociation coefficient,
- ΔA = change in amplitude.

Law 28, by John Keely, 1893

([click to enlarge](#))

Return to [Keelys Forty Laws](#)

See Also

[Bjerknes Effect](#)

[Concentric Rings](#)

[Discord](#)

[Dispersion](#)

[Dissociation](#)

[dissociation of matter](#)

[Entropy](#)

[Fission](#)

[four concentric light rings](#)

[Heat](#)

[Keelys Forty Laws](#)

[LATENT FORCE IN INTERSTITIAL SPACES - ELECTROMAGNETIC RADIATION - MOLECULAR DISSOCIATION](#)

[Law of Atomic Dissociation](#)

[Law of Repulsion](#)

[Laws](#)

[Molecular Dissociation](#)

[Part 12 - Russells Locked Potentials](#)

[Radiation](#)

[Reciprocating Proportionality](#)

[Pitch](#)

[Temperature](#)